X. INSTALLATION OF TRUNKS

Initial due dates for the installation of the initial local interconnection and meet-point trunks covered by this Agreement shall be based on mutual agreement of the Parties in accordance with the availability of local interconnection facilities.

XI. TRUNK FORECASTING

- A. The Parties shall work towards the development of joint forecasting responsibilities for traffic utilization over trunk groups. Orders for trunks that exceed forecasted quantities for forecasted locations will be accommodated as facilities and or equipment are available. Intercompany forecast information must be provided by the Parties to each other twice a year. The semi-annual forecasts shall include:
- Yearly forecasted trunk quantities (which include measurements that reflect actual tandem Local Interconnection and meet point trunks and tandem-subtending Local Interconnection end office equivalent trunk requirements) for a minimum of three (current and plus-1 and plus-2) years;
- 2. The use of Common Language Location Identifier (CLLI-MSG), which are described in Bellcore documents BR 795-100-100 and BR 795-400-100;
- 3. A description of major network projects anticipated for the following six months. Major network projects include trunking or network rearrangements, shifts in anticipated traffic patterns, or other activities that are reflected by a significant increase or decrease in trunking demand for the following forecasting period.
- B. If differences in semi-annual forecasts of the Parties vary by more than 24 additional DS0 two-way trunk: for each Local Interconnection Trunk Group, the companies shall meet to reconcile the forecast 1) within 24 DS0 trunks.
- C. If a trunk group is under 75 percent of centum call seconds (ccs) capacity on a monthly average basis for each month of any six month period, either Party may issue an order to resize the trunk group, which shall be left with not less than 25 percent excess capacity. In all cases, grade of service objectives identified in Section XII following shall be maintained.
- D. Each Party shal provide a specified point of contact for planning, forecasting and trunk servicing purposes.

XII. GRADE OF SERVICE

A blocking standard of one half of one percent (.005) during the average busy hour for final trunk groups between a Pic-West end office and a Pacific access tandem carrying meet point traffic shall be maintaine i. All other final trunk groups are to be engineered with a blocking standard of one percent (.01).

XIII. TRUNK SERVICING

- A. Orders between the Parties to establish, add, change or disconnect trunks shall be processed by use of an Interconnection Service Request ("ISR") using Pacific's CESAR electronic ordering interface as the means of transmitting such orders.
- B. As discussed in this Agreement, both Parties will jointly manage the capacity of Local Interconnection Trunk Croups. Pacific's Circuit Provisioning Assignment Center ("CPAC") will send a Trunk Group Service Request ("TGSR") to Pac-West to trigger changes Pacific desires to the Local Interconnection Trunk Groups based on Pacific's capacity assessment. Pac-West will issue an ISR to Pacific's Local Interconnection Service Center ("LISC"):
- a) within 10 business days after receipt of the TGSR, upon review of and in response to Pacific's TCSR, or
- b) at any time as a result of Pac-West's own capacity management assessment,

to begin the provisioning process. The intervals used for the provisioning process will be the same as those used for Pacific's switched access service.

- C. Orders that comprise a major project shall be submitted at the same time, and their implementation shall be jointly planned and coordinated. Major projects are those that require the coordination and execution of multiple orders or related activities between and among Pacific and Pac-West work groups, including but not limited to the initial establishment of Local Interconnection or Meet Point runk groups and service in an area, NXX code moves, re-homes, facility grooming, or network rearrangements.
- D. Pac-West will be responsible for engineering its network on its side of the POI. Pacific will be responsible for engineering the POI and its network on its side of the POI.

XIV. TROUBLE REPORTS

Pac-West and Pacific will cooperatively plan and implement coordinated repair procedures for the meet-point and Local Interconnection Trunks and facilities to ensure trouble reports are resolved in a timely and appropriate manner consistent with procedures referenced in the Bilateral Agreement attached.

XV. <u>NETWORK MANAGI MENT</u>

A. Protective Cont ols

Either Party may use protective network traffic management controls such as 7-digit and

10-digit code gaps on traffic to ward each others network, when required to protect the public switched network from congestion due to facility failures, switch congestion or failure or focused overload. Pac-West and Pacific will immediately notify each other of any protective control action planned or executed.

B. Expansive Controls

Where the capability exists, originating or terminating traffic reroutes may be implemented by either Party to temporarily relieve network congestion due to facility failures or abnormal calling patterns. Resoutes will not be used to circumvent normal trunk servicing. Expansive controls will only be used when mutually agreed to by the Parties.

C. Mass Calling

Pac-West and Pacific shall cooperate and share pre-planning information regarding cross-network call-ins expected to generate large or focused temporary increases in call volumes, to prevent or mitigate the impact of these events on the public switched network.

XVI. FORCE MAJEURE

Neither Party shall be responsible for delays or failures in performance resulting from acts or occurrences beyond the reasonable control of such Party, regardless of whether such delays or failures in performance were foreseen or foreseeable as of the date of this Agreement, including, without limitation: fire, explosion, acts of God, war, revolution, civil commotion, or acts of public enemies; any law, order, regulation, or ordinance of any government or legal body; strikes; or delays caused by the other party or any other circumstances beyond the Party's reasonable control. In such event, the Party affected shall, upon giving prompt notice to the other party be excused from such performance on a day-to-day basis to the extent of such interference (and the other party shall likewise be excused from performance of its obligations on a day-for-day basis to the extent such Party's obligations relate to the performance so interfered with). The affected Party shall use its best efforts to avoid or remove the cause of non-performance and both Parties shall proceed to perform with dispatch once the causes are removed or cease.

XVII. <u>COMMISSION DECISION</u>

This Agreement shall at all times be subject to such changes or modifications by the Commission as said Commission may, from time to time, direct in the exercise of its jurisdiction. If any such modification renders the Agreement inoperable or creates any ambiguity or requirement for further amendment to the Agreement, the Parties will negotiate in good faith to agree upon any necessary amendments to the Agreement.

XVIII. LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

Except as otherwise provided herein, neither Party shall be liable to the other in

connection with the provision or use of services offered under this Agreement, except in the case of willful breach of this Agreement, for indirect, incidental, consequential, special damages, including (without limitation) damages for lost profits, regardless of the form of action, whether in contract, indemnity, warrant, strict liability, or tort.

XIX. INDEMNITY

Each Party shall indemnify and hold the other harmless from any liabilities, claims or demands (including the costs, expenses and reasonable attorney's fees on account thereof) that may be made by third parties for:

- a) personal injuries, including death, or
- b) damage o property

resulting from the sole negligence and/or sole willful misconduct of that Party, its employees or agents in the performance of this Agreement. Each Party shall defend the other at the other's request against any such liability, claim or demand. Each Party shall notify the other promptly of written claims or demands against such Party of which the other party is solely responsible hereunder. Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing in this Agreement is intended to create or shall be construed as creating any rights in or liability to any third party.

XX. ASSIGNMENT

This Agreement may not be assigned by either Party without 60 days advance written notice and the written consent of the other Party, provided neither Party shall unreasonably withheld such consent. However, no consent will be required in the event of assignment to an affiliate or subsidiary.

XXI. DEFAULT

If either Party believes the other is in breach of the Agreement, it shall first give the other Party written notice of such breach in writing and allow the other Party sixty (60) days' to cure the alleged default. Thereafter, the Parties shall employ the Dispute Resolution procedures set forth at section XXIII <u>DISPUTE RESOLUTION</u>.

XXII. NONDISCLOSURE

A. All information, including but not limited to specifications, microfilm, photocopies, magnetic disks, magnetic tapes, drawings, sketches, models, samples, tools, technical information, data, employee records, maps, financial reports, and market data, (i) furnished by one Party to the other party dealing with customer specific, facility specific, or usage specific information, other than customer information communicated for the purpose of publication of directory database inclusion, or (ii) in written, graphic, electromagnetic, or other tangible form and marked at the time of delivery as "Confidential" or "Proprietary", or (iii)

communicated orally and declared to the receiving Party at the time of delivery, or by written notice given to the receiving Party within ten (10) days after delivery, to be "Confidential" or "Proprietary" (collectively referred to as "Proprietary Information"), shall remain the property of the disclosing Party.

- B. Upon request by the disclosing Party, the receiving Party shall return all tangible copies of Proprietary Informat on, whether written, graphic or otherwise, except that the receiving Party may retain one copy for archival purposes.
- C. Each Party shalk eep all of the other party's Proprietary Information confidential and shall use the other party's Proprietary Information only for performing the covenants contained in the Agreement. Neither Party shall use the other party's Proprietary Information for any other purpose except upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon between the Parties in writing.
- D. Unless otherwise agreed, the obligations of confidentiality and non-use set forth in this Agreement do not apply to such Proprietary Information as:
- (i) was at the time of receipt already known to the receiving Party free of any obligation to keep it conficential evidenced by written records prepared prior to delivery by the disclosing Party; or
- (ii) is or becomes publicly known through no wrongful act of the receiving Party; or
- (iii) is rightfully received from a third person having no direct or indirect secrecy or confidentiality obligation to the disclosing Party with respect to such information; or
- (iv) is independently developed by an employee, agent, or contractor of the receiving Party which individual is not involved in any manner with the provision of services pursuant to the Agreement and does not have any direct or indirect access to the Proprietary Information; or
- (v) is disc osed to a third person by the disclosing Party without similar restrictions on such third person's rights; or
- (vi) is approved for release by written authorization of the disclosing Party; or
- (vii) is required to be made public by the receiving Party pursuant to applicable law or regulation provided that the receiving Party shall give sufficient notice of the requirement to the disclosing Party to enable the disclosing Party to seek protective orders.
- E. Effective Date Of This Section. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, the Proprietary Information provisions of this Agreement shall apply to all

information furnished by either Party to the other in furtherance of the purpose of this Agreement, even if furnished before the date of this Agreement.

XXIII. DISPUTE RESOLUTION

The Parties agree that in the event of a default or violation hereunder, or for any dispute arising under this Agreement or related agreements the Parties may have in connection with this Agreement, the Parties shall first confer to discuss in good faith the dispute and seek resolution prior to taking any action before any court or regulator, or before making any public statement about or disclosing the nature of the dispute to any third party. Such conference shall occur at least at the Vice President leve for each Party. In the case of Pacific, its Vice President for Local Competition, or equivalent officer, shall participate in the meet and confer meeting, and Pac-West Vice President, or equivalent officer, shall participate. Thereafter, the Parties will employ the Dispute Resolution procedures set forth in pp. 36-39 of the Order. Nothing herein shall be deemed to preclude either Party from seeking any relief that may be available through resort to state or federal forums other than the Commission.

XXIV. EXECUTION IN DUP_ICATE

This Agreement may be executed in duplicate copies, and, upon said execution, shall be treated as an executed document.

XXV. NOTICES

Any notices required by or concerning this Agreement shall be sent to the Parties at the addresses shown below:

PACIFIC BELL
Theresa L. Cabral, Senior Counsel
John K. La Rue
2600 Camino Ramon, 2 W806
San Ramon, CA 94582
Stockton, CA 95204

Each Party shall inform the other of any changes in the above addresses.

XXVI. <u>AMENDMENT</u>

The Parties may mutually agree to amend this Agreement in writing.

XXVII. CHOICE OF LAWS

The Parties agree that this Agreement shall be construed in accordance with and governed by the laws of the State of California.

XXVIII. ENTIRE AGREEMENT

This Agreement sets forth the entire understanding of the Parties and supersedes any and all prior Agreements, arrangements, representations or understandings relating to the subject matter hereof.

XXIX. ASSOCIATION

Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed to create an association, trust, partnership, or joint venture between the Parties in any respect or with regard to any undertaking.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be executed by their respective duly authorized representatives.

Lee Bauman

Vice President

Pacific Bell

John K. La Rue

President

Pac-West

LOCAL INTERCONNECTION Bilateral Agreement Template/Worksheet

CLC:

	Торіс	Pacific Bell Reference(s)	CLC Reference(s)	Notes / Status
1	Internetwork provisioning information and guidelines.	CLC Handbook-LISA, Section 5E, Provisions of LISA.		
		LISA Interface Specification, Section 2, Architecture		
		Interconnection Agreement between and Pacific, 1996		
2	SS7 and other critical internetwork compatibility testing.	CLC Operations Handbook-SS7, Sec. 3, Pre-service/Protocol Tests.		
		CCS Network Interface, Section 6.3, Protocol Compatibility Testing.		
		NOF Handbook, Section III, 3G, SS7 Compatibility Testing.		
3	Special protocol implementation agreements.	CCS Network Interface, Section 2.3, Interface Protocol Messages.		
		TR-246, T1.114 (SCCP) & T1.116 (SCCP); GR-317 and GR-394.		
		CCS Questionnaire, Sec IV, D-2 Switch Parameters.		
4	Diversity requirements.	CCS Network Interface, Section 4.1, Diversity Definition.		
		CLC Handbook-911, Section 7A4, Limitations, Terms & Conditions.		
		NOF Handbook, Section III, 2D, Link Responsibilities - Diversity.		
5	Installation, maintenance guidelines and responsibilities.	CLC Operations Handbook-LISA, Section 2, Responsibilities.		
	4	CLC Operations Handbook-SS7, Section 2, Responsibilities.		
		CLC Handbook-Link, Pgs 1-2, CLEC & PB Responsibilities		

	Bilateral Agreement	Pacific Bell Reference(s)	CLC Reference(s)	Notes / Status
6	Network security requirements.	CLC Operations HB-LISA, 4L-M, Call Trace (Emergency & Fraud).		
7	Performance standards and service level agreements.	LISA Interface Specification, Sec 4, Performance.		
8	Specific versions/issues of protocol or interface specifications.	CCS Network Interface, Section 1.4, Related Documents.		
9	Maintenance procedures, including trouble reporting, status, etc.	CLC Operations Handbook-LISA, Section 4, Maintenance		
		CLC Operations Handbook-SS7. Section 4, Maintenance		
10	Internetwork trouble resolution and escalation procedures.	CLC Operations HB-LISA, Sec 4C, Sectionalization; Sec 6 Escalations.		
		CLC Operations HB-SS7, Sec 4C, Sectionalization; Sec 6 Escalations.		
		Interconnection Agreement between and Pacific, 1996		

	Bilateral Agreement	Pacific Bell Reference(s)	CLC Reference(s)	Notes / Status
11	In-depth root cause analysis of significant failures.	S.I. 131 - Customer Service Quality Failure Report (Analysis).		
12	Explicit forecasting information re: direct and subtending traffic.	CLC HB, Section 9, Appendix F, Interconnection Forecasts.		
13	Explicit expectations regarding interoperability testing requirements.	CLC Operations Handbook-SS7, Sec. 3, Pre-service/Protocol Tests.		
		CCS Network Interface, Section 6.3, Protocol Compatibility Testing.		
14	Network management (network element growth, NPA splits, etc.).	CLC Operations HB-LISA, Section 2E, Network Managem't Guidelines.		
		NOF Handbook, Section VI, Network Management Guidelines		
		Interconnection Agreement between and Pacific, 1996		
15	Operating procedures.	CLC Operations Handbook - LISA (all sections).		
		CLC Operations Handbook - SS7, (all sections).		

	Bilateral Agreement	Pacific Bell Reference(s)	CLC Reference(s)	Notes / Status
16	Routing and screening administration.	LISA Interface Specification, Section 2.2, Routing & Screening.		
		CCS Network Interface, Section 2.2, Routing & Screening (MTP/SCCP).		
		Interconnection Agreement between and Pacific, 1996		
17	Synchronization design and Company-wide coordinator(s).	CLC Operations Handbook-SS7, Section 3E, Synchronization.		
18	Performance requirements.	LISA Interface Specification, Sec 4, Performance.		
		·		
19	Responsibility assignment (facility assignment, testing, control, etc.).	CLC Operations Handbook - LISA (throughout).		
		CLC Operations Handbook - SS7, (throughout).		
		Interconnection Agreement between and Pacific, 1996		
20	Information sharing for analysis and problem identification.	CLC Oprs HB-LISA, Sca 4C Sectionalization & 5 Intercarrier Testing.		
		NOF Handbook, Section VII, Information Sharing.		

	Bilateral Agreement	Pacific Bell Reference(s)	CLC Reference(s)	Notes / Status
21	Network transition and service rearrangement management.	CLC Operations Handbook-LISA, Sec 3G, Rearrangements.		
		CLC Operations HB-SS7, Sec 31, Signaling Link Rearrangements.		
		CCS Questionnaire, Sec III, 2 Trunk Conversion Considerations.		
22	Calling Party Number privacy management.	CLC HB-LISA, Section 5E, Prerequisites, Limitations & Restrictions.		4
23	Traffic engineering design criteria and capacity management.	Interconnection Agreement between and Pacific, 1996		
			,	AACAN OF PARTY
24	Tones and announcements for unsuccessful call attempts.	CLC Operations HB-LISA, Section 9D, Tones and Announcements.		
		CCS Network Interface, Section 3.4, Tones and Announcements		
		NOF Handbook, Section III, Pg 17, Tones and Announcements.		
25	Mutual aid agreement(s).	CLC Handbook, Section 7B1, Emergency Preparedness.		
		Agreement between BCCs for Nat'l Security Emergency Preparedness.		
		Mutual Aid Agreement Among IEC and LEC Carriers in California		

	Bilateral Agreement	Pacific Bell Reference(s)	CLC Reference(s)	Notes / Status
26	Emergency communications plan.	Emergency Preparedness & Response Program, Tab 4, Communications.		
<u> </u>		NOF Handbook, Section III, Pg 16, Emergency Communications.		
		CLC Operations HB-SS7, Sec 9b, CCS Emergency Communications.		
27	Billing records data exchange.			
-				
28	Pre-cutover internetwork trunk testing.	CCS Network Interface, Section 6.3, Protocol Compatibility Testing.		
		CLC Operations HB-LISA, Sec 3B & 3C Pre-Service/Acceptance Tests.		
		CLC Operations HB-SS7, Sec 3B & 3C Protocol/Acceptance Tests.		я.

INTERCONNECTION AGREEMENT

January 17, 1996

Pursuant to this Interconnection Agreement ("Agreement"), TCG-San Francisco, TCG-Los Angeles, and TCG-San Diego (individually or collectively, "TCG") and Pacific Bell (collectively the "Parties") agree to interconnect with each other within each LATA in which they both operate within the State of California, as described and according to the terms, conditions and pricing specified hereunder.

I. RECITALS & PRINCIPLES

WHEREAS, the Part es seek to accomplish interconnection in a technically and economically efficient manne and

WHEREAS, the public will benefit if the local exchange networks of the Parties are interconnected so that custor iers of each carrier can seamlessly receive calls that originate on the other carrier's network and place calls that terminate on the other carrier's network;

WHEREAS, the California Public Utilities Commission ("Commission") has issued its Interim Opinion in D.95-12-656 ("Opinion") in which it resolves issues related to CLC-LEC interconnection; and

WHEREAS, the Con mission has created an expedited 14-day contracting process for interconnection agreements the tween Competitive Local Carriers ("CLCs") and Local Exchange Carriers ("LECs"); and

WHEREAS, Pacific and TCG wish to utilize this expedited contractual process; and,

WHEREAS, TCG and Pacific have agreed on interconnection terms and conditions incorporating the Commission's Preferred Outcomes for Interconnection Contracts (Opinion, Appendix A).

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual provisions contained herein and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, TCG and Pacific hereby covenant and agree as follows:

II. DEFINITIONS

- A. "Bill and keer" means a form of compensation for the termination of local traffic, as defined in by the Commission in D. 95-12-056, Appendix C, page 13.
- B "Calling Party Number" or "CPN" is a Common Channel Signaling parameter which refers to the number transmitted through the network identifying the calling party.

C. "Central Offic: Switch", "Central Office" or "CO" means a switching entity within the public switched telecommunications network, including but not limited to:

"End Office Switches" which are Class 5 switches from which end user Excharge Services are directly connected and offered.

"Tandem Office Switches" which are Class 4 switches which are used to connec and switch trunk circuits between and among Central Office Switch is.

- D "Charge Number" is a CCS signaling parameter which refers to the number transmitted through the network identifying the billing number of the calling party.
- E. "CLASS Features" mean certain CCS-based features available to end users.
 CLASS features include, but are not necessarily limited to: Automatic Call Back;
 Call Trace; Caller ID and Related Blocking Features; Distinctive Ringing/Call
 Waiting; Selective Call Forward; Selective Call Rejection.
- F "Centralized Message Distribution System" ("CMDS") is the transport system that the RBOCs and other incumbent LECs use to exchange outcollect and Carrier Access Billing System ("CABS") access messages among each other and other parties connected to CMDS.
- G. "Commission" means the California Public Utilities Commission.
- H. "Common Cha unel Signaling" or "CCS" means a method of digitally transmitting call set-up and network control data over a special network fully separate from the public switched network elements that carry the actual call.
- I. "Control Office" is an exchange carrier center or office designated as its company's single point of contact for the provisioning and maintenance of its portion of interconnection arrangements.
- J. "DS-1" is a dig tal signal rate of 1.544 Megabits Per Second ("Mbps").
- K. "DS-3" is digital signal rate of 44.736 Mbps
- L. "Electronic File Transfer" refers to any system/process which utilizes an electronic format and pro ocol to send/receive data files.
- M. "Exchange Ser ice" means a service offered to end users which provides the end user with a telephonic connection to, and a unique local telephone number address on, the public switched telecommunications network, and which enables such end user to generally place calls to, or receive calls from, other stations on the public switched telecommunications network. Exchange Service includes basic residence

- and business line service, PBX trunk line service, pay phone line service, Centrex line service and ISDN line services. Exchange Service does not include Private Line, Switched and Special Access services.
- N. "Expanded Interconnection Service" or "EIS" is the collocation arrangement which Pacific provides in its designated Pacific wire centers, and shall have the same meaning as set forth in Pacific's CPUC Tariff 175-T, Sec. 16 (Advice Letter No. 17501).
- O. "Interconnection" means the connection of separate pieces of equipment, transmission facilities, etc., within, between or among networks.
- P "Interexchange Carrier" or "IXC" means a provider of stand-alone interexchange telecommunica ions services.
- Q. "ISDN" means Integrated Services Digital Network, which is a switched network service providing end-to-end digital connectivity for the simultaneous transmission of voice and data.
- R. "Local Exchange Routing Guide" or "LERG" is a Bellcore reference typically used by LECs, IXCs and CLCs to identify NPA-NXX routing and homing information as well as network element and equipment designations.
- S. "Local Exchange Carrier" or "LEC" and "Competitive Local Carrier" or "CLC" shall have the meanings as set forth in the Commission's Rules for Local Competition, C pinion, App. C, Sections 3 A and B, respectively.
- T. "Local Interconnection Trunks/Trunk Groups" provide for the termination of local exchange trafficand intraLATA toll telephone traffic.
- U. "Meet-Point Billing" refers to an arrangement whereby two local carriers (including a LEC and a CLC) jointly provide Switched Access Service to one of the carrier's en I office switches, with each carrier receiving, by mutual agreement, an appropriate share of their tariffed transport element revenues.
- V. "MECAB" refers to the Multiple Exchange Carrier Access Billing document prepared by the Billing Committee of the Ordering and Billing Forum ("OBF"), which function under the auspices of the Carrier Liaison Committee of the Alliance for Te ecommunications Industry Solutions ("ATIS"). The MECAB document, published by Bellcore as Special Report SR-BDS-000983, contains the recommended guidelines for the billing of an access service provided by two or more local carriers (including a LEC and a CLC), or by one LEC in two or more states within a lingle LATA.

- W. "MECOD" refers to the Multiple Exchange Carriers Ordering and Design
 Guidelines for Access Services Industry Support Interface, a document
 developed by the Ordering/Provisioning Committee under the auspices of the
 OBF, which functions under the auspices of the Carrier Liaison Committee of the
 ATIS. The MECOD document, published by Bellcore as Special Report SR STS002643, establishes methods for processing orders for access service which is to be
 provided by two or more local carriers (including a LEC and a CLC).
- X. "NANP" means the "North American Numbering Plan", the system of telephone numbering employed in the United States, Canada, and certain Caribbean countries.
- Y. "Numbering Plan Area" or "NPA" is also sometimes referred to as an area code. This is the three digit indicator which is defined by the "A", "B" and "C" digits of each 10-digit relephone number within the NANP. Each NPA contains 800 possible NXX Codes. There are two general categories of NPA. "Geographic NPA" is associated with a defined geographic area, and all telephone numbers bearing such NPA are associated with services provided within that Geographic area. A "Non Geographic NPA", also known as a "Service Access Code" ("SAC Code") is typically associated with a specialized telecommunications service which may be provided across multiple geographic NPA areas; 500, Toll Free Service NPAs, 900, and 700 are examples of Non-Geographic NPAs.
- Z "NXX", "NXX Code", "Central Office Code" or "CO Code" is the three digit switch entity indicator which is defined by the "D", "E" and "F" digits of a 10-digit telephone number within the NANP. Each NXX Code contains 10,000 station numbers.
- AA. "Percent Loca Usage" or "PLU" is a calculation which represents the ratio of the local minutes to the sum of local and intraLATA toll minutes between exchange carriers sent over Local Interconnection Trunks. Directory assistance, BLV/BLVI, 900, 976, transiting calls from other exchange carriers or wireless carriers, and switched access calls are not included in the calculation of PLU.
- BB. "Rating Point" is the V&H coordinates associated with a particular telephone number for rat ng purposes.
- CC. "Routing Poin" means a location which a LEC or CLC has designated on its own network as the homing (routing) point for traffic inbound to Exchange Services provided by the LEC or CLC which bear a certain NPA-NXX designation. The Routing Point is employed to calculate mileage measurements for the distance-sensitive transport element charges of Switched Access Services. The Routing Point need not be the same as the Rating Point, nor must it be located within the rate center are but must be in the same LATA as the NPA-NXX.

- DD "Signal Transfer Point" or "STP" performs a packet switching function that routes signaling messages among Service Switching Points ("SSPs"), Service Control Points ("SCPs"), Signaling Points ("SPs"), and other STPs in order to set up calls and to query detabases for advanced services.
- EE. "Switched Access Service" means an offering of facilities for the purpose of the origination or termination of traffic from or to Exchange Service customers in a given area pursuant to a Switched Access tariff. Switched Access Services include: Feature Group A, Feature Group B, Feature Group D, Toll Free Service, and 900 access Switched Access does not include traffic exchanged between LECs and CLCs for purpose of local exchange interconnection.
- FF. "Transit Rate" s the rate that applies to local and toll calls sent between a LEC and a CLC desined for a third-party LEC or CLC.
- GG. "Toll Free Service" means service provided with any dialing sequence that invokes toll-free (i.e. 800-like) service processing. Toll Free Service includes calls to the Toll Free Service 800/888 NPA SAC codes.
- HH. "Wire Center" lenotes a building or space within a building which serves as an aggregation point on a given carrier's network, where transmission facilities and circuits are connected or switched. Wire center can also denote a building in which one or more Central Offices, used for the provision of Exchange Services and access services, are located. However, for purposes of EIS, Wire Center shall mean those points eligible for such connections as specified in the FCC Docket No. 91-141, and rules adopted pursuant thereto.

III TECHNICAL PROVISIONS

This Agreement cover: the initial tandem-level interconnection between the Parties. Interconnection At All Pacific Tandems Within Each LATA:

Each TCG business en ity (TCG-San Francisco, TCG-Los Angeles, and TCG-San Diego) will interconnect with each and every Pacific access tandem in the LATA(s) in which it originates traffic and ir terconnects with Pacific. TCG may not route Local Interconnection traffic to a Pacific access tandem destined for an NXX which subtends another tandem.

A. TCG and Pacific agree to interconnect their networks through existing facilities between the TCG switches and the corresponding Pacific access tandems set forth in the following table. Logical trunk groups will be established referencing the appropriate TCG Routing Point and Pacific access tandem.

TCG Switches	TCG Routing Point	POI	Pacific Access Tandem
SNFCCAFJDS0	SNFCCA211KD	SNFCCA21W57	SNFCCA2143T
SNFCCAFJDS0	SNFCCA211KD	SNFCCA21W57	EURKCA0141T
SNFCCAFJDS0	SNFCCA211KD	SNFCCA21W57	SNRSCA0130T
SNFCCAFJDS0	CKLDCA031KD	OKLDCA03W36	OKLDCA0349T
SNFCCAFJDS0	SNTCCA011KD	SNTCCA01W30	SNTCCA0148T
LSAGCAJNDS0	I SANCA041KD .	LSANCA01W10	LSANCA0470T
LSAGCAJNDS0	S\MNCAXP1KD	LSANCA01W10	LSANCA0470T
LSAGCAJNDS0	L VBHCAXP1KD	LSANCA01W10	LSANCA0470T
LSAGCAJNDS0	A NHMCA021KD	ANHMCA01W44	ANHMCA0295T
LSAGCAJNDS0	CRDNCA031KD	GRDNCA01W27	GRDNCA0386T
LSAGCAJNDS0	SHOKCA051KD	SHOKCA01W13	SHOKCA0589T
SNDACA96DS0	S NDGCA021KD	SNDGCA02W47	SNDGCA0290T
SNDACA96DS0	SNDGCA022KD	SNDGCA02W47	SNDGCA0291T

Nothing in the forego ng restricts either Party from ordering and establishing additional TCG - Pacific access andem trunk groups in addition to the initial combinations described above.

- B. Single POI Model. For each Pacific access tandem where TCG and Pacific interconnect for the exchange of local and intraLATA toll and meet point Switched Access traffic, TCG and Pacific agree that there will be a single Point of Interconnection ("POI") located at the Point of Termination Bay ("POT Bay") between TCG s EIS in Pacific's wire center and Pacific's tandem switch.
- C. Sizing and Structure of Interconnection Facilities. The Parties will mutually agree on the appropriate sizing for facilities based on the standards set forth in Section XII, below. The interconnection facilities provided by each Party shall be superframe with Alternate Mark Inversion Line Code and Superframe Format Framing ("ANI") at either the DS-1 or DS-3 level, according to mutual forecasts and sound engineering practice, as mutually agreed to by the Parties during planning fore casting meetings.

- D. <u>Two-Way Trunks</u>. Interconnection will be provided via two-way trunks. Two-way trunks will be established to exchange local and intraLATA toll and meet point Switche I Access traffic.
- E. <u>Signaling Protocol</u>. The Parties will interconnect their networks using SS7 signaling as defined in GR-317 and GR-394, including ISDN User Part ("ISUP") for trunk signaling and Transaction Capabilities Application Part ("TCAP") for CCS-based features.

IV. MEET-POINT TRUNKING ARRANGEMENTS

- A. Two-way trunks will be established to enable TCG and Pacific to jointly provide Feature Group B and D ("FGB" and "FGD") Switched Access Services via a Pacific access tandem switch.
- B. TCG may use meet point trunks to send and receive FGB and FGD calls from Switched Access customers connected to Pacific's access tandem.
- C. TCG will interconnect two-way trunk groups at each and every Pacific access tandem under which TCG's NXXs home using DS-1 or DS-3 facilities separate from the facilities used for Local Interconnection Trunk Groups. Neither Party will charge the other any amout for any meet point facilities.
- D. In the case of Switched Access Services provided through Pacific's access tandem, Pacific will no offer blocking capability for interexchange carrier traffic delivered to Pacific's tandem for completion on TCG's network. Pacific and TCG understand and agree that meet point trunking arrangements are available and functional only to/from Switched Access customers who directly connect with the tandem(s) that TCG sub-tends in each LATA. In no event will Pacific be required to route such raffic through more than one tandem for connection to/from Switched Access customers. Pacific shall have no responsibility to ensure that any Switched Access customer will accept traffic TCG directs to the Switched Access customer.
- The Parties will provide CCS to one another, where and as available, in conjunction with meet point two-way trunk groups. TCG may establish CCS interconnections either directly or through a third-party, such as ITN, provided such third-party is interconnected with Pacific pursuant to PUB L 780023-PB/NB. The Parties will cooperate in the exchange of TCAP messages to facilitate full inter-operability of CCS-based features between their respective networks, including all CLASS features and functions, to the extent each carrier offers such features and functions to its own end users. TCG will provide all CCS signaling including Charge Number, originating line information ("OLI"), etc. For terminating FGD, Pacific will pass CPN if it receives CPN from FGD carriers. All privacy indicators will be honored. Where available, network signaling information

such as Transis Network Selection ("TNS") parameter (CCS platform) and CIC/OZZ information (non-CCS environment) will be provided by TCG wherever such information is needed for call routing or billing. The Parties will follow all OBF adopted standards pertaining to TNS and CIC/OZZ codes.

- F. Common channel signaling shall be utilized in conjunction with meet point trunks; except multifrequency ("MF") signaling must be used on a separate meet point trunk group for originating FGD access to Switched Access customers that use MF FGD signaling protocol.
- All originating Toll Free Service calls for which Pacific performs the Service Switching Poir t ("SSP") function (e.g. performs the database query) shall be delivered by TCG using GR-394 format over the meet point trunk group. Carrier Code "0110" and Circuit Code of "08" shall be used for all such calls.
- All originating Toll Free Service calls for which TCG performs the SSP function, if delivered to Pacific, shall be delivered by TCG using GR-394 format over the meet point trunk group for calls destined to IXCs, or shall be delivered by TCG using GR-317 format over the Local Interconnection Trunk Group for calls destined to end offices that directly subtend Pacific access tandems.
- I. Originating Feature Group B calls delivered to Pacific's tandem shall use GR-317 signaling form t unless the associated FGB carrier employs GR-394 signaling for its FGB traffic at the serving Pacific access tandem.
- J. TCG and Pacific shall use their best efforts to negotiate the terms and conditions for meet point billing, including, but not limited to, the meet point billing options, bill period, and exchange of usage and billing data, and to sign such an agreement within 30 days of the effective date of this agreement. Backbilling will apply to any meet point billing traffic exchanged by the Parties prior to execution and approval of the meet point billing agreement. Such backbilling will be calculated pursuant to the terms of the agreement, based on the Parties' tariffed Switched Access rates

V. LOCAL INTERCONNECTION TRUNK ARRANGEMENT

A. Description

The Parties shall recip ocally terminate local exchange traffic and intraLATA toll calls originating on each other's networks, as follows:

1. The Pa ties shall make available to each other two-way trunks for the recipro all exchange of local exchange traffic and intraLATA toll traffic.

- The Parties will provide CCS to one another in conjunction with all two-way trank groups. TCG may establish CCS interconnections either directly or through a third party, such as ITN, provided such third party is interconnected with Pacific pursuant to PUB L-780023-PB/NB. The Parties will cooperate in the exchange of TCAP messages to facilitate full interoperability of CCS-based features between their respective networks, including all CLASS features and functions, to the extent each carrier offers such features and functions to its own end users. All CCS signaling parameters will be provided including CPN. All privacy indicators will be honored.
- TCG will provide Pacific an initial forecast of 64 Kbps Clear Channel Capability ("64K CCC") trunk quantities by April 1, 1996, consistent with the forecasting agreements between the Parties. Upon receipt of this forecast, the Parties will begin joint planning for the engineering, procurement, and installation of the segregated 64K CCC Local Interconnection Trunk Groups, and the associated B8ZS ESF facilities, for the sole purpose of transmitting 64K CCC data calls between TCG and Pacific. In no case will these trunks be used for speech calls. Where additional equipment is required, such equipment would be obtained, engineered, and installed on the same basis and with the same intervals as any similar growth job for IXC, CLC, or Pacific internal customer demand for 64E CCC trunks. Where technically feasible, these trunks will be established as two-way.

Orders for 64K CCC Local Interconnection Trunks will be placed by TCG no earlier than May 1, 1996.

- 4. TCG may opt at any time to terminate to Pacific some or all local exchange traffic and intraLATA toll traffic originating on its network, together with Switched Access traffic, via Feature Group D or Feature Group B Switched Access Services. TCG may otherwise purchase these Switched Access Services from Pacific subject to the rates, terms and conditions specified in Pacific's standard intrastate access tariffs.
- 5. Neither Party shall terminate Switched Access traffic over Local Interconnection Trunks
- 6. Except by mutual agreement, TCG may not terminate third-party LEC or wireless service provider traffic over the Local Interconnection Trunk Group. However, the Parties agree to renegotiate this restriction if either the FCC or the Commission orders Pacific to provide wireless interconnection with compensation terms other than are currently set forth in Pacific's existing wireless interconnection contracts.

- 7. In addition, the Parties agree to mutually negotiate the termination by TCG of traffic from other CLCs over Local Interconnection Trunk Groups. These negotiations will include, but are not limited to, the issues of network capacity, forecasting, and compensation terms (including calculation and verification of PLU). Such negotiations shall be conducted by the Parties in good faith and consent to the termination of such traffic shall not be unreasonably withheld.
- 8. TCG shall only deliver traffic over the Local Interconnection Trunk
 Group(s) to a Pacific access tandem for those publicly-dialable NPA NXX
 codes served by end offices that directly subtend the access tandem or to
 those v ireless service providers that directly subtend the access tandem.
- 9. Pacific shall deliver all traffic destined to terminate at a TCG end office in accordance with the serving arrangements defined in the Local Exchange Routing Guide. However, in no case shall Pacific deliver calls destined to terminate at a TCG end office via another LEC's or CLC's end office or tandem. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Pacific shall continue to route calls us ng the existing DID arrangement to TCG's NPA NXXs until a coordinated cutover can take place.
- 10. Where FCG delivers over the Local Interconnection Trunk group miscellaneous non-local calls (i.e. time, weather, NPA-555, Busy Line Verify/ nterrupt, California 900, Mass Calling Codes) destined for Pacific, it shall deliver such traffic in accordance with the serving arrangements defined in the LERG. TCG will block originating 976 calls toward Pacific until the Parties mutually agree by separate agreement on the billing and collection for such calls. The Parties shall use their best efforts to negotiate and execute such an agreement within 30 days of the effective date of this Agreen ent.
- 11. N11 co les (i.e. 411, 611, 911) shall not be sent between TCG's and Pacific's network over the Local Interconnection Trunk Groups.
- There are certain types of calls that require exchange of billing records between the Parties. These types of calls include: Toll Free Service calls, 900 calls, Feature Group B and D Switched Access calls to and from IXCs, and intrastate alternate billed calls (e.g. calling card, bill-to-third, and collect) The exchange of billing records for calls of this type that are interLATA will be handled through the existing CMDS processes. The payments of revenues for these types of calls will be handled through Calling Card and Third Number Settlement ("CATS").
- For calls of the type described in Paragraph V.A.12 that are intraLATA, the Parties shall use their best efforts to negotiate and execute a separate

agreement, within 30 days from the effective date of this Agreement, for the exchange of billing records and the settlement of revenues between the Parties

B. Compensation for Call Termination

Notwithstanding the following, the Parties agree to amend this Agreement with regard to compensation for the termination of local calls (as described in this section) in accordance with any further Commission decision(s) regarding compensation for local and/or toll call termination between LECs and CLCs.

- 1. The following compensation rates shall apply for traffic carried from TCG to Pacific:
 - a. Bill and Keep: Applicable to all local (Zone Usage Measurement ("ZUM") Zone 1 and ZUM Zone 2), Extended Area Service and ZUM Zone 3 traffic.
 - b. Toll Rate: Applicable to intraLATA toll calls based on intrastate Switched Access rates as described below:
 - Tandem switched transport:
 - Fixed per minute of use.
 - Variable per mile per minute of use. Mileage is calculated based on the airline miles between the Vertical and Horizontal ("V&H") coordinates of the access tandem where the Local Interconnection Trunk Group terminates and the Pacific end office.
 - Tandem switching per minute of use
 - Network Interconnection Charge per minute of use
 - Local switching per minute of use with the following sub-elements:

Set-up (per call)

Minutes of Use.

The applicable rates for the above elements can be found in CPUC 175-T Sections 6.8.2 and 6.8.3.

- c. Transit Rate: TCG shall pay a transit rate of \$.0065 per minute when TCG uses a Pacific access tandem to originate a call to a third party LEC, another CLC or another TCG end office. If Pacific enters into an interconnection agreement with another CLC that provides for a transit rate lower than \$.0065, that transit rate will be substituted for the rate set in this paragraph upon the effective date of that agreement. If TCG receives a call through Pacific's access andem that originates from another CLC, LEC, or wireless provider, TCG will not charge Pacific any rate elements for this call, regardless of whether the call is local or toll. TCG will establish appropriate billing relationships directly with the other CLC, LEC, or wireless provider.
- d Pacific will not charge TCG for any calls that TCG originates to any wireless provider NPA NXXs that are shown in the LERG as being resident in a Pacific access tandem or in the wireless provider's MTSO(s) which directly subtend the access tandem. However, the Parties agree to renegotiate this arrangement if either he FCC or the Commission orders Pacific to provide wireless interconnection with compensation terms other than are currently set forth in Pacific's existing wireless interconnection contracts.
- 2. The following compensation rates shall apply for traffic carried from Pacific to TCG:
 - Bill and Keep. Applicable to all local (ZUM Zone 1 and ZUM Zone 2), Extended Area Service and ZUM Zone 3 traffic.
 - Toll Rate: Applicable to intraLATA toll calls, based on TCG's intrastate Switched Access rates as described below.
 - Local Transport Discounted Termination per minute of use
 - End office per minute of use with the following sub-elements:

Set-up (per call)

Minutes of Use

The applicable rates for the above elements can be found in TCG's Tariffs CPUC B-1. Section 2.0.